The Mosaic Company

August 2015
This document contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements include, but are not limited to, statements about the Wa’ad Al Shamal Phosphate Company (also known as the Ma’aden joint venture), the acquisition and assumption of certain related liabilities of the Florida phosphate assets of CF Industries, Inc. ("CF") and Mosaic’s ammonia supply agreements with CF; repurchases of stock; other proposed or pending future transactions or strategic plans and other statements about future financial and operating results. Such statements are based upon the current beliefs and expectations of The Mosaic Company’s management and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include but are not limited to risks and uncertainties arising from the ability of the Ma’aden joint venture to obtain additional planned funding in acceptable amounts and upon acceptable terms, the timely development and commencement of operations of production facilities in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, the future success of current plans for the Ma’aden joint venture and any future changes in those plans; difficulties with realization of the benefits of the long term ammonia supply agreements with CF, including the risk that the cost savings from the agreements may not be fully realized or that the price of natural gas or ammonia changes to a level at which the natural gas based pricing under one of these agreements becomes disadvantageous to Mosaic; customer defaults; the effects of Mosaic’s decisions to exit business operations or locations; the predictability and volatility of, and customer expectations about, agriculture, fertilizer, raw material, energy and transportation markets that are subject to competitive and other pressures and economic and credit market conditions; the level of inventories in the distribution channels for crop nutrients; the effect of future product innovations or development of new technologies on demand for our products; changes in foreign currency and exchange rates; international trade risks and other risks associated with Mosaic’s international operations and those of joint ventures in which Mosaic participates, including the risk that protests against natural resource companies in Peru extend to or impact the Miski Mayo mine; changes in government policy; changes in environmental and other governmental regulation, including expansion of the types and extent of water resources regulated under federal law, greenhouse gas regulation, implementation of numeric water quality standards for the discharge of nutrients into Florida waterways or efforts to reduce the flow of excess nutrients into the Mississippi River basin, the Gulf of Mexico or elsewhere; further developments in judicial or administrative proceedings, or complaints that Mosaic’s operations are adversely impacting nearby farms, business operations or properties; difficulties or delays in receiving, increased costs of or challenges to necessary governmental permits or approvals or increased financial assurance requirements; resolution of global tax audit activity; the effectiveness of Mosaic’s processes for managing its strategic priorities; adverse weather conditions affecting operations in Central Florida, the Mississippi River basin, the Gulf Coast of the United States or Canada, and including potential hurricanes, excess heat, cold, snow, rainfall or drought; actual costs of various items differing from management's current estimates, including, among others, asset retirement, environmental remediation, reclamation or other environmental regulation, Canadian resources taxes and royalties, or the costs of the Ma’aden joint venture, its existing or future funding and Mosaic’s commitments in support of such funding; reduction of Mosaic’s available cash and liquidity, and increased leverage, due to its use of cash and/or available debt capacity to fund share repurchases, financial assurance requirements and strategic investments; brine inflows at Mosaic’s Esterhazy, Saskatchewan, potash mine or other potash shaft mines; other accidents and disruptions involving Mosaic’s operations, including potential mine fires, floods, explosions, seismic events or releases of hazardous or volatile chemicals; and risks associated with cyber security, including reputational loss, as well as other risks and uncertainties reported from time to time in The Mosaic Company’s reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Actual results may differ from those set forth in the forward-looking statements.
Expect Farm Economics to Stabilize

- Probability of a third-in-a-row outsized crop is diminishing.
- Grain and Oilseed prices recovered and stabilized.
- El Niño still poses a threat.
- No surprise: weather will determine final outcome.
Good Start to 2015

Key Points

- Normal spring season
- High beginning inventories
- Delayed demand
- Real volatility
- Credit program
- Visible demand increase
- Ample monsoon
- Actively shipping against contract

Source: Mosaic
North America: Expect Good Fall Season

Plant Nutrient Affordability
Plant Nutrient Price Index / Crop Price Index

Source: Weekly Price Publications, CME, USDA, AAPFCO, Mosaic
Brazil: Credit + Stable Soybean Prices = Strong H2

**Farm Credit History**

- **2012/13**: BRL 19 billion
- **2013/14**: BRL 20 billion
- **2014/15**: BRL 24 billion
- **2015/16**: BRL 60 billion

**Soybean Prices**

- **USD/Bu**
  - 2012/13: $2.00
  - 2013/14: $4.00
  - 2014/15: $6.00
  - 2015/16: $8.00

- **Brazilian Reais Bu**
  - 2012/13: R$36
  - 2013/14: R$32
  - 2014/15: R$28
  - 2015/16: R$24

**Source:** Brazil Ministry of Agriculture and Central Bank
And The Long-term Trend Is Up

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Actual Area</th>
<th>Forecast Area</th>
<th>Actual Yield</th>
<th>Required Yield</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>775</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85</td>
<td>800</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>875</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95</td>
<td>925</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td>950</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05</td>
<td>975</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>80</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: USDA and Mosaic

Yield Growth Required To Keep Up With Demand
What is Mosaic?

Why Mosaic?
Benefit of Mosaic’s Strategic Initiatives: $0.60/share

* Includes $0.03 per share positive impact of disclosed notable items in Q2 ’2015.
### Top 10 Potash Producers in 2014

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Million Nutrient Tonnes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Uralkali</td>
<td>6.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belaruskali</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PotashCorp</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mosaic</td>
<td>4.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Qinghai Salt Lake</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K+S</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Israel Chemical</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APC</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agrium</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vale</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Based on 2014 production*

*K₂O production based on MOP, SOP, and KMS production*

*Source: Company reports, IFA, CRU, Fertecon and Mosaic*

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**Large and Low Cost Producer -- K3 Optionality Upside**

2014 MOP Industry Cost Curve FOB Port

*Source: CRU and Mosaic*
Visible Strategic Progress

Maintaining Profitability Despite Lower Pricing

Source: Mosaic
Potash: Investing for Growth

Potash Gross Margin Impact

($ in millions)

Volume Growth


$923 $923

+17%

$923 $800

Opportunity to Reduce Brine Spending After 2018

$1,076

* Assumptions in Appendix. Subject to risks and uncertainties including those stated in the Safe Harbor Statement. As of March, 2015 and updated for Canadian Resource Taxes and Royalties in May of 2015.

Source: Mosaic
Top 10 Phosphate Producers in 2014

- Mosaic
- OCP
- Yuntianhua
- PhosAgro
- Vale
- PotashCorp
- Guizhou Wengfu Group
- Guizhou Kailin Group
- Eurochem
- GCT

Based on 2014 production
Mosaic’s P₂O₅ production includes CF Industries’ phosphate business
P₂O₅ production based on PACID and SSP production
OCP P₂O₅ Production split between finished phosphate product use vs. PACID sold as such
Source: Company reports, IFA, CRU, Fertecon and Mosaic
Market Leadership Benefiting Margins

Improving Profitability by Focusing on Margins

1. Lower Input Costs
2. Higher Cash Margins

Cash Margin (GM + DD&A)/Tonne
DAP Price (FOB plant)

Q3 2013 $115
Q4 2013 $50
Q1 2014 $100
Q2 2014 $150
Q3 2014 $200
Q4 2014 $250
Q1 2015 $300
Q2 2015 $350

Source: Mosaic
Phosphates: Investing for Growth

Phosphate Gross Margin Impact

+56%

CF Industries Phosphates
MicroEssentials®
Ma'aden
Raw Materials

$937
$1,466

2014
2015F
2016F
2017F
2018F

$ in millions

Source: Mosaic

* Assumptions in Appendix. Subject to risks and uncertainties including those stated in the Safe Harbor Statement. As of March, 2015
International Distribution Gross Margin

($ in millions)

2014  $147
2015F  ADM Distribution Tonnes
2016F  Incremental MicroEssentials® & Volume Growth
2017F  $256
2018F  

+74%

* Assumptions in Appendix. Subject to risks and uncertainties including those stated in the Safe Harbor Statement. As of March, 2015

Source: Mosaic
Capital Deployment
Capital Management Priorities

- Maintain Strong Financial Foundation
- Sustain Assets & Dividend
- Grow Business
- Return

Expect to Continue to Generate Strong Cash Flow and Excess Cash
A Track Record of Dividend Growth

Dividend per Share

($ per share)

2011 2012 2013 2014 2015F

450%  
+10%  
$1.10

Source: Mosaic
Meaningful Share Repurchases

- $1.2
- $2.8
- $0.6
- $0.3
- $0.8
- $1.3
- $2.3
- $2.8
- $3.3
- $3.8
- $4.3
- $4.8

2011 $1.2
2014 $2.8
2015 YTD $0.6

- ✓ Completed $500 Million Accelerated Authorization
- ✓ $1.0 Billion Authorization Remaining

Source: Mosaic
Smart Capital Deployment

Investment for Growth

Shareholder Returns

Capital Stewardship

Source: Mosaic
Leverage to Cyclical Improvement

Significant Free Cash Flow Leverage
(After Dividends)

* Assumptions in Appendix. Subject to risks and uncertainties including those stated in the Safe Harbor Statement. As of March, 2015

Source: Mosaic


Free Cash Flow

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Value ($ in millions)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>$437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015F</td>
<td>$617</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016F</td>
<td>$506</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017F</td>
<td>$1,025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018F</td>
<td>$1,139</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Scenarios:
- P&K Prices up $50

347% increase from 2014 to 2018F.
• In this cyclical industry, the positive secular trends continue.

• Long-term value creation is predicated on effective capital deployment.

• Capital deployment near the trough of the cycle maximizes value creation:
  – Depressed investment values
  – Increasing leverage to the upcycle

• For Mosaic, and for our investors, now is the right time to invest.
Thank you
Appendix
Potash Supply and Demand

Source: Company Reports and Mosaic
Market Update: North America

### North America MOP Shipments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jan-Jun</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>4.6</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>4.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jul-Dec</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### North America DAP/MAP/ME/TSP Shipments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jan-Jun</td>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>4.6</td>
<td>4.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jul-Dec</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Mosaic Estimates
Market Update: China

China MOP Imports

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Jan-Jun</th>
<th>Jul-Dec</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>4.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015F</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

China DAP/MAP/TSP Exports

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Jan-Jun</th>
<th>Jul-Dec</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015F</td>
<td>4.3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Mosaic Estimates
Market Update: India

India MOP Imports

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Jan-Jun</th>
<th>Jul-Dec</th>
<th>2015F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015F</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Million Tonnes KCl

India DAP Imports

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Jan-Jun</th>
<th>Jul-Dec</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>2015F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td></td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015F</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Million Tonnes

Source: Mosaic Estimates
Market Update: Brazil

### Brazil MOP Imports

- **2014 Jan-Jun**: 4.6 Million Tonnes KCl
- **2015 Jan-Jun**: 3.7 Million Tonnes KCl
- **2014 Jul-Dec**: 4.3 Million Tonnes KCl
- **2015 Jul-Dec**: 4.5 Million Tonnes KCl

### Brazil DAP/MAP/ME/TSP Imports

- **2014 Jan-Jun**: 2.7 Million Tonnes
- **2015 Jan-Jun**: 2.2 Million Tonnes
- **2014 Jul-Dec**: 3.2 Million Tonnes
- **2015 Jul-Dec**: 2.6 Million Tonnes

*Source: Mosaic Estimates*
Appendix: Assumptions

Phosphates:
- Ma’aden JV contribution embedded in gross margin, actual reporting is as an equity investment under U.S. GAAP.
- ADM business includes an incremental, 2 million tonnes of blended product plus synergies.
- Raw material savings result of increased NH₃ manufacturing from de-bottlenecking vs. 2014 average purchased NH₃ cost, lower costs from sulfur melting flexibility, and CF Industries ammonia off-take of 725k tonnes, which assumes difference between 2014 pricing and CF contract pricing.
- MicroEssentials® sales volume growth assumes 3.4 million tonnes in 2018 minus 2014 volumes multiplied by 2014 margin premium over DAP, not including incremental selling, general and administrative expenses.
- Selling prices and raw material costs (other than those noted above) are considered flat to 2014.
- Capacity increase based on 1.8 million tonnes from CF Industries phosphate acquisition.

Potash:
- Growing volumes assumes 10.5 million tonnes of sales, based on 11.9 million tonnes of total capacity, in 2018.

Corporate:
- Some cost savings occurred in calendar 2013 and 2014.
- Additionally, assumes some of the corporate savings are embedded in costs of goods sold.

Other:
- Cost savings shown is net of 3% inflation.
- Dividends per share are assumed to increase by $0.10 per share in 2015 and then $0.05 per share thereafter.
- Dividends are calculated using projected 2015 shares outstanding of 364.2 million which assumes no additional share repurchases above current Board authorization.
- Cash flow per share assumes a hypothetical repurchase of 2.5m shares in each quarter from 2015 to 2018.
### CY2014 Adjusted Cash Flow from Operations Reconciliation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cash flow from operations (GAAP)</td>
<td>$2,294</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Changes in working capital</td>
<td>(300)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loss on write-down of Carlsbad</td>
<td>(125)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unrealized loss on derivatives</td>
<td>(35)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in value of share repurchase agreement</td>
<td>(60)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortization of acquired inventory</td>
<td>(49)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special equity incentive</td>
<td>(15)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Gain) on assets sold and to be sold</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Adjusted Cash flow from operations (Non-GAAP)</strong></td>
<td><strong>$1,726</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Flow from Operations</td>
<td>$1,726(a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capex</td>
<td>($906)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends</td>
<td>($383)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCF Less Dividends</td>
<td>$437</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) adjusted, reconciled on prior page

Source: Mosaic
Global Phosphate Shipment Forecasts by Region
(April 30, 2015)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Million Tonnes DAP/MAP/TSP</th>
<th>2014R</th>
<th>Feb Low 2015F</th>
<th>Feb High 2015F</th>
<th>April Low 2015F</th>
<th>April High 2015F</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>21.5</td>
<td>21.8</td>
<td>22.1</td>
<td>21.8</td>
<td>22.2</td>
<td>Moderate phosphate demand growth is forecast this year due to high crop prices and profitable farm economics. High analysis products also are expected to continue to displace low analysis products.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India</td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>2015 range narrowed and point estimate raised. Import economics work and India has large phosphate import requirements due to profitable farm economics and depletion of channel inventories, especially at the retail level.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Asia/Oceania</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>7.0</td>
<td>7.2</td>
<td>Flat to moderate demand growth projected for most other Asian countries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe and FSU</td>
<td>5.8</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>Lower shipments forecast for this year due to lower crop prices and weaker Euro. FSU countries expected to show continued moderate growth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brazil</td>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>7.0</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>7.0</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>The forecast for 2015 is unchanged. The depreciation of the real offsets much of the drop in crop prices and underpins P demand. Declines from last year result from a drawdown of channel inventories.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Latin America</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>Flat to moderate growth projected for most other Latin American countries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North America</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>8.7</td>
<td>8.9</td>
<td>8.6</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>Expectations for 2015 are little changed with shipments ticking lower on reductions in planted area (our 2015 corn, soybean and wheat acreage forecasts are 88-89, 84-85 and 55-56 million acres).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>Flat to moderate growth expected in Africa and parts of the Middle East.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>64.6</td>
<td>64.4</td>
<td>66.5</td>
<td>64.5</td>
<td>66.5</td>
<td>Our 2015 point estimate was revised down slightly to 65.3 mmt with small upward revisions in Asia and small downward revisions in North America.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: CRU and Mosaic. Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.
# Global Potash Shipment Forecasts by Region

(April 30, 2015)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Muriate of Potash</th>
<th>Million Tonnes (KCl)</th>
<th>2014R</th>
<th>Feb Low 2015F</th>
<th>Feb High 2015F</th>
<th>Apr Low 2015F</th>
<th>Apr High 2015F</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td></td>
<td>13.8</td>
<td>12.7</td>
<td>13.1</td>
<td>14.0</td>
<td>14.2</td>
<td>Implied shipments (P+M-X) jumped to 13.8 mmt last year and are projected to increase to 14.0-14.2 mmt this year (6.5 mmt production plus net imports of 7.5-7.7 mmt). Channel inventories increased ~0.9 mmt last year and are projected to increase ~0.3 mmt this year.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India</td>
<td></td>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>4.1</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>4.6</td>
<td>India imported 4.3 mmt in CY14. Farm economics remain profitable and import economics work. We project India will import ~4.5 mmt in CY15, with most of that arriving during the back half of 2015.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indonesia/Malaysia</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>4.8</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>Demand is expected to remain strong in 2015 due to still profitable palm oil economics (aided by biodiesel subsidy boost in Indonesia), relatively low channel inventories, and continued moderate SMOP prices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe and FSU</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.3</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>11.1</td>
<td>10.2</td>
<td>10.4</td>
<td>Our 2015 forecast was pared back from earlier expectations due to lower crop prices and weaker Euro. Flat demand this year is the result of higher NPK output and slightly lower direct application use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brazil</td>
<td></td>
<td>9.3</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>8.7</td>
<td>8.7</td>
<td>8.9</td>
<td>Implied shipments (P+M-X) totaled a record 9.3 mmt in 2014 with imports exceeding 8.9 mmt. This resulted in a ~0.3 mmt build of channel inventories. Shipments are projected to drop to ~8.8 mmt this year due to small drops in use and channel inventories.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North America</td>
<td></td>
<td>9.8</td>
<td>8.7</td>
<td>8.9</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>8.6</td>
<td>Shipments in CY14 reached 9.8 mmt, the highest level since 2007, due to a strong 2013/14 last semester and a strong 2014/15 first semester. The opposite seasonal pattern is expected this year and, as a result, shipments are expected to drop to ~8.5 mmt in CY15.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
<td>9.1</td>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>8.9</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>8.6</td>
<td>Exceptional shipments last year in Africa, the Middle East, and other Asian and Latin American countries are expected to moderate in 2015 due to inventory builds and lower crop prices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>61.7</td>
<td>57.9</td>
<td>60.0</td>
<td>58.9</td>
<td>60.3</td>
<td>Record 2014 shipments resulted in inventory builds in most countries. Shipments are forecast to drop this year as a result of inventory pulls in most countries and modest declines in demand in others. Shipments in 2015 are forecast at 59-60 mmt, with a point estimate of 59.5 mmt.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: CRU and Mosaic.

Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.